

Family Medicine for English language students of Medical University of Lodz

Seminar 1

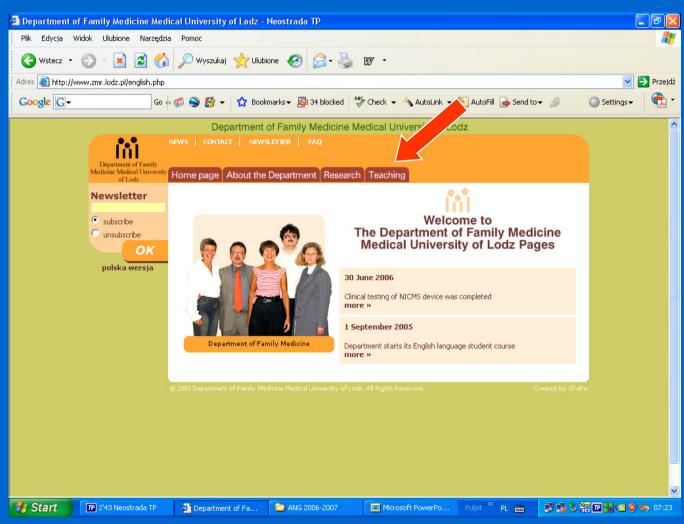


Principles and core values of Family Medicine

Our timetable for today

- 1.1 General information
- 1.2 Let's introduce ourselves
- 1.3 Your associations with family medicine
- 2.1 FM and the life cycle. Basic aims of FM in children
- 2.2 Basic aims of FM in adults
- 2.3 Basic aims of FM in the elderly
- 3.1 Prophylactics and its targets general information
- 3.2 Work with the families and in the community
- 3.3 FM and its connection with the occupational medicine
- 4.1 Taking care for the particular patient through his/her life SWOT analysis
- 4.2 Why trials results not always reflect real life conditions
- 4.3 Concluding remarks

Our website



The First Department of Family Medicine at the Medical University of Lodz

Head:

Przemysław Kardas MD PhD

Staff:

Sylwia Kałucka MD PhD Izabela Papierz MD PhD Paweł Klink MD PhD

Secretary: Elżbieta Mazurowska



Basic data

Suggested literature:

• Principal handbook: Philip D.Sloane: *Essential Family Medicine*, 4 th Edition

Additional literature:

- David R. Rudy, NMS Q&A: Family Medicine
- Gonzales R, Kutner J, Kutner JS: Current Practice Guidelines in Primary Care 2004
- papers listed on the Department's Web site

Assessment method:

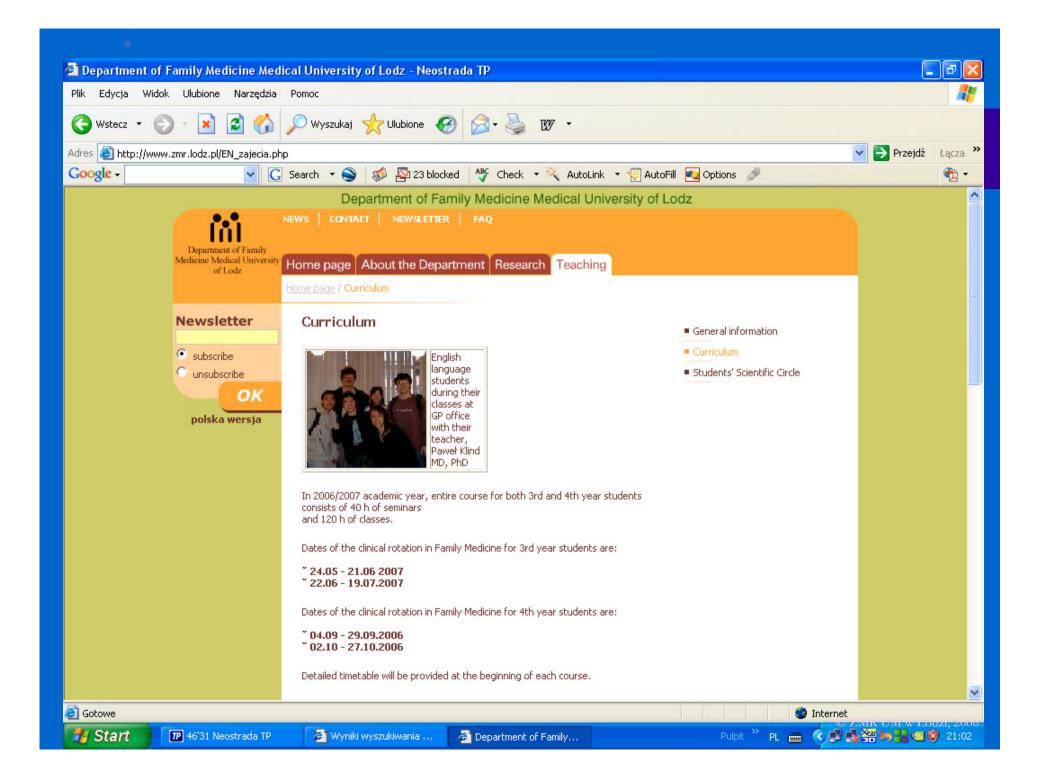
• multiple choice test (80 points) + points for presence at lectures / classes (0.5 point per one item), 75% of points necessary to complete the course

Web site:

Clinical Evaluation Form

- 1. Knowledge (ability to integrate theoretical knowledge into clinical practice)
- 2. History (preciseness and comprehensiveness of information)
- 3. Physical examination (thoroughness in gathering information)
- 4. Diagnostic Acumen (developing an appropriate diagnosis)
- 5. Record keeping (accurately preparing professional writeups)
- 6. Relationship with Faculty and Staff
- 7. Relationship with fellow students
- 8. Relationship with patients (communication skills and attitude)
- 9. Educational activities (attendance at rounds, lectures, conferences)
- 10. Clinical presentations (case presentations, progress notes)
- 11. Handling of criticism

Scale: N – not observed 1 – poor 2 – average 3 – good 4 – outstanding



Timetable



2005/2006, 4th year students

Please refer to the web site!

List of seminars

(in chronological order):

- 1. Principles and core values of family medicine
- 2. GP and other levels of healthcare system: co-operation or competition?
- 3. Prevention in family medicine
- 4. Practice organisation and financing. Family medicine in Poland and the other countries
- 5. Doctor-patient communication verbal and non-verbal
- 6. Conflict prevention and solving in family medicine
- 7. Chronic conditions in family doctor's practice
- 8. Pharmacoeconomy in family doctor's practice
- 9. Use and misuse of medication. Patient compliance
- 10. Evidence based medicine: use of guidelines in family medicine

List of classes

(in alphabetical order):

- 1. Abdominal pain
- 2. Alternative treatment
- 3. Anxiety & Depression
- 4. Cancer prevention
- 5. Chest pain
- 6. Child & newborn care
- 7. COPD
- 8. Diabetes mellitus 1
- 9. Diabetes mellitus 2
- 10. Dizziness
- 11. Dyspepsia
- 12. Dysuria
- 13. ECG
- 14. Elderly care

- 15. End of life issues
- 16. Fever
- 17. Headache 1
- 18. Headache 2
- 19. Hypertension
- 20. IHD
- 21. Lower back pain
- 22. Minor surgery
- 23. Otoscopy
- 24. Prenatal care
- 25. Resuscitation in GP practice
- 26. RTI 1
- 27. RTI 2
- 28. Skin problems 1
- 29. Skin problems 2

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Definition of Family Medicine

by German Association of General Medicine

Long-term care and management of both healthy and diseased people with physical and mental disturbances, with no respect to their age and gender, with special attention to their personality, family and social context.